

Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857.



No. 16802, 號二零百八十六萬一第一日十二月正年子王 HONGKONG, FRIDAY, MARCH 8TH, 1912. 五拜禮 號八月三日一百九十一英港香

PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

INTIMATIONS

THE

NEW
VICTOR-
VICTROLA
STYLE VI.

PRICE \$60.

A PERFECT MUSICAL
INSTRUMENT.

INSPECTION INVITED.

S. MOUTRIE & CO.,
LIMITED.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.

[127]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY
PORTLAND CEMENT
In Casks 375 lbs. net
In Bags 250 lbs. net
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 29th April, 1908. [1404]

NEW CARTRIDGES.

BY popular English Manufacturers. In all
Bore and Sizes.

SMOKELESS POWDERS and CHILLER
SHOTS From No. 10 to SSSG. at \$6, \$7,
and \$7.50 per 100, SPORTING REQUISITES
and AIR GUNS in Variety.

Inspection Invited.

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Hongkong, 26th October, 1906. [1272]

SIEU TING
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 10, D'AGUILAR STREET
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation Free.
Hongkong, 21st September, 1905. [1171]

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants
Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig
Iron and Foundry Coke Importers, General
Stockholders and Ship Chandlers. Nos. 35 & 37,
Hing Loong Street (2nd St. west of Central
Market). Telephone No. 515 [154]

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY
LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
8.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS.
45 p.m. and 9.45 to 11.30 p.m....
every 15 minutes.
SUNDAYS.
7.30 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
11.45 a.m. to 12.00 noon....Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 7.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
7.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.
SATURDAYS.
Extra Car at 11.45 p.m.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the
Jampier's Office, Alexandra Building, Des
Vaux Road Central.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.
Hongkong 16th June 1911. 1223

WO HING & CO.,

No. 17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

MANUFACTURERS OF
HIGH-CLASS

SWATOW DRAWN WORK.
LATEST FASHIONS OF
CANTON EMBROIDERIES, SILK LACES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
SILK AND LINEN GOODS, GRASS-CLOTH, ETC., ETC.
INSPECTION SOLICITED. PRICES REASONABLE.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1911. [1591]

P. & O.
Steam Navigation Co.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

S.S. "INDIA." (8,000 TONS.)
CAPTAIN G. W. GORDON, R.N.R.

THIS THROUGH MAIL STEAMER FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON
DIRECT, WILL LEAVE HONGKONG ON MARCH 16TH, 1912
CALLING AT STRAITS, COLOMBO, ADEN, EGYPT, MARSEILLES AND
GIBRALTAR, AND IS DUE TO ARRIVE AT:-
MARSEILLES - APRIL 18TH.
LONDON - APRIL 20TH.

The Accommodation in this Vessel is at the
entire disposal of Passengers from the Far East.
FARES TO LONDON:-

1ST SALOON £71.10 SINGLE; £106.14 RETURN.
2ND £48.8 " " £72.12 "

For Further Particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWETT,
SUPERINTENDENT

[1085]

DOW'S PORTS.



BY ROYAL WARRANT
TO HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE V.

SOLE IMPORTERS

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[126]

MITSUBISHI DOCKYARD
AND ENGINE WORKS.

A1, A.B.C., Western Union, and Engineering
Builders and Repairers of Ships, Engines and Boilers, and Electrical Engineers.
Manufacturers of Centrifugal Condenser, Sime's Manganese Bronze,
and Parsons' Steam Turbines, etc., etc., etc.

AT NAGASAKI:—Telegraphic Address: "DOCK" NAGASAKI

Length on
Keel Blocks. Breadth at Entrance
on Bottom. Depth of Water
on Keel Blocks.

3 Dry Docks [No. 1] ... 510 ft. 77 ft. 26 ft.

[No. 2] ... 350 ft. 53 ft. 24 ft.

[No. 3] ... 714 ft. 88 ft. 34 ft.

1 Patent Slip capable of lifting vessels up to 1,000 tons.

The Salvage Steamer "OURA-MARU," 716 tons and 12 knots speed, is always
ready at short notice.

AT KOBE:—Telegraphic Address: "WADADOCK" KOBE.

Floating Docks.

No. 1. 7,000 Tons. 12,000 Tons.

Max. Length of Ship taken in. 460 Feet. 580 Feet.

" Breadth " 56 " 66 "

" Draft " 22 " 26 "

The Salvage Steamer "ARIMA-MARU," pumping capacity per hour 2,000 tons.

The Floating Shearidge, capable of lifting 40 ton weight.

ANY ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO, AND ESTIMATES SENT ON APPLICATION

[1261]

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THE YOKOHAMA DOCK
CO. LTD.

Telegraphic Address: "DOCK," Yokohama.

Codes used:—A.B.C. 4th, 5th Edition; Lieber's, Scott's, A. I., and Watkin's.

DRY DOCK DEPARTMENT.—Telephone Nos. 376, 506; or 681.

No. 1 DOCK. No. 2 DOCK. No. 3 DOCK.
Docking Length 515 ft. Docking Length 376 ft. Docking Length 481 ft.

Every description of repair work is undertaken. A large assortment of material including tail shafts are kept in stock. Two powerful tow boats, floating derrick to lift 45 tons, pneumatic, electric, hydraulic plants, etc. Manufacturers of engines, boilers, tugs, lighters, constructional steel work, etc. Tenders on short notice by letter or cable.

WAREHOUSE DEPARTMENT:—

105 buildings, principally of brick and steel; 358 entrances. 13 buildings are private bonded warehouses. Floor area 73,343 square yards, or 15.16 acres.

Custom-house brokerage and insurance undertaken. Rates moderate.

Mooring Basin, 600 feet by 180 feet by 25 feet deep, adjoining the docks and warehouses.

[1273]

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY.



SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE BETWEEN

THE FAR EAST AND EUROPE, VIA DAIREN.

WINTER SCHEDULE.

(EFFECTIVE FROM OCTOBER 28TH, 1911.)

THREE WEEKLY EXPRESS TRAIN SERVICE, composed of excellently equipped Sleeping, Dining, and 1st Class Cars, is operated between Dairen and Changchun in connection with the Trans-Siberian Express Trains and with Dairen-Shanghai Direct Steamer Service by the S.S. "KORE MARU" and "SAIKIO MARU" (each 2,877 tons) as follows:—

NORTH BOUND.

1st Class Fares	Shanghai (Steamer) ... Lv.	Dairen (S.M.R. Train) ... Ar.	Thurs.	Sun.	Tues.	Wed.	Fri.

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HONGKONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A meeting of the Hongkong Legislative Council was held on the 7th inst., at the Council Chamber.

The following were present:—

HIS EXCELLENCE THE GOVERNOR, SIR FREDERICK JOHN DEALEY LUGARD, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O.

Hon. Mr. C. SEVERN (Colonial Secretary.)

Hon. Mr. REES DAVIES, K.C. (Attorney-General.)

Hon. Mr. A. M. THOMSON (Colonial Treasurer.)

Hon. Mr. W. CHATHAM, C.M.G. (Director of Public Works.)

Hon. Mr. E. R. HALLIFAX (Registrar-General.)

Hon. Captain F. J. BADELEY (Captain-Superintendent of Police.)

Hon. Dr. HO KAI, M.B., C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. WEI YUK, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K. C.

Hon. Mr. E. A. HEWETT, C.M.G.

Hon. Mr. C. H. ROSS.

Hon. Mr. E. OSBORNE.

Mr. C. CLEMENT (Clerk of Council).

MINUTES.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

FINANCIAL MINUTE.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY, by command of His Excellency the Governor, laid on the table Financial Minute No. 13, and moved that it be referred to the Finance Committee (No. 1), and moved its adoption.

The COLONIAL TREASURER seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

HIS EXCELLENCE.—This financial minute, gentlemen, refers to the question of the lunatic asylum which was raised in the debate on the Estimates when I informed the hon. member who represents the Chamber of Commerce that I was making a close personal investigation into the condition of the lunatic asylum. Since that date I asked the unofficial members of the Council if they would accompany me and make a personal inspection of the House of Detention. Several members were good enough to accept and we went over the several wards. Various suggestions were made which are practically all being carried out at the present time, but owing to the disturbances in Kwangtung there has been considerable congestion of Chinese lunatics in the Colony for some time past, as the asylum which is managed by Dr. Seldon of Canton has been unable to receive them. I am glad to say that quite recently we have arranged informally with the police at Canton to take again Chinese lunatics as previously and make a remuneration to Dr. Seldon for their maintenance. At the same time I said this Colony should pay a reasonable fee for those who are British subjects or those who have been long resident in the Colony. This arrangement will dispose of the congestion in the Chinese ward itself, but with regard to non-Chinese lunatics I have had a report on each particular case in the House of Detention. I have gone personally into each one. We have commenced the process of repatriating every one, with the exception of two whose relatives did not want them to be taken out of the Colony. In the case of some others the country to which they belong has declined to receive them or to recognise their nationality. In these cases I have proposed that we should repatriate them at our own cost and pay a reasonable fee for their maintenance. It will be cheaper to get rid of them than to pay to keep them here. That also is the view of the unofficial members who accompanied me the other day. That is putting it on purely business and material lines, but from what fell from the unofficial members who accompanied me and with whom I agreed we should view it on the ground of humanity. We have not got a lunatic asylum. We merely have a place of detention. It is right that we should get rid of these people instead of keeping them here for years and years. The minute is to establish a small fund for that purpose for repatriating those for whose maintenance we shall have to pay. I hope that the steps which have now been taken will lead to a little more care being taken to prevent this Colony becoming the dumping ground for lunatics in the Far East, for really the lunatics properly belonging to this Colony are few in number and we can repatriate them to England or China. It will be cheaper to adopt that course than to establish a large and costly asylum.

Hon. Mr. HEWETT.—Am I in order to say a word on behalf of the unofficial members?

HIS EXCELLENCE.—Yes.

Hon. Mr. HEWETT.—On behalf of the unofficial members, some of whom visited the asylum two months ago, I can only say that the proposals put forward by your Excellency for dealing with these unfortunate people who have become insane in this Colony meet with our entire support. They are the most humane and most reasonable from a financial point of view and in the interests of the Colony as well as in the interests of the unfortunate people with whom we have to deal.

The motion was agreed to.

THE PROPOSED PUBLIC-HOUSE TRUST.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY, by command of H.E. the Governor, laid on the table the following papers: The Report by a Committee to consider the feasibility of forming a Public House Trust and the preliminary steps necessary in that event; the Jurors' List for 1912; Report of Expenditure to the 31st December, 1911, on the new Typhoon Refuge. In doing so he said—I regret there is no diagram supplied with this report as there was on the previous occasion, but I hope it will be ready by next meeting of Council.

HIS EXCELLENCE.—With regard to the papers laid upon the table, I would ask permission of the Council to say a word or two, more especially with regard to

paper No. 6. It is a report of the committee regarding the public house trusts in this Colony. The paper is really in the nature of a *ballon d'esai*. It is intended to frame a policy with regard to the retail sale of liquor in public-houses and bars in this Colony. It is not our intention to introduce any legislation to that effect in the immediate future, but rather to frame a policy which shall be introduced perhaps some five or six years hence.

The only reason for bringing it forward at the present time is in order that we may give notice and thereby reduce any claims for compensation which may arise from the inauguration of such policy and on the other hand to avoid creating new liabilities. Later on, when the members of this Council and the community have had time to study this paper, it will be feasible to introduce resolutions to give effect to it in this Council. The papers are laid on the table with a view to giving plenty of opportunity for everyone to study the policy outlined. I consider, gentlemen, that this subject is of really vast importance, because it affects our national credit. I read every day the police reports and constantly, almost daily, I see cases of British sailors and others being robbed when they are in a state of drunkenness. Yesterday I saw a case of a man being robbed of everything, including his boots, when lying dead drunk in a side street in this Colony. The object of this scheme is to see that the class of liquor sold in public houses is improved and also to afford some counter-attraction which shall supersede the taste for drink. No doubt the scheme outlined will be improved after consideration, but I do trust that this Council will eventually accept the general principle which is involved for the sake of the British name in the Colony in which the vast majority of the inhabitants are of eastern race. Our thanks are due to the committee whose names are signed at the foot of that report, for they have had to handle a thorny and difficult question. This subject has been under my consideration for the past two or three years. The report has not been produced in a hurry and without mature deliberation. As I am shortly leaving the Colony, I will ask permission to say a word or two on some other matters upon which I have spoken in this Council. The spokesman of the unofficial members speaking in the debate on the Estimates asked for a commission to be appointed to inquire into certain matters in connection with the Public Works Department. I replied that I had already been investigating that matter, both as regards the inadequacy of the staff and the method of entering into contracts. Each of these branches is a very big one in itself. I regret that the results of that investigation are not ready for communication to Council at this time, but I have no doubt that the investigation will proceed on the same lines as those on which I have been conducting it. I had hoped there would be a report on the question of the Law-Courts and the Government offices, giving an outline of their history from the date of their inception, alterations and estimates and any other ground which has led to an increase in cost, but unfortunately it was not ready for to-day. I hope it will be ready by next meeting of the Council. I much regret I will not be able to finish this investigation, for it is a subject of the very greatest interest, especially the question of the method of entering into contracts.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Another subject alluded to was that of wireless telegraphy. I am glad to be able to report that some progress has been made. We have probably decided on the site which the Imperial station will occupy, and we have in view a site which will be convenient for the commercial station. The delay which has occurred in this matter is in no way due to the local Government, for as you all recognise the question of an Imperial wireless telegraph is one in which Imperial interests are so involved that it is impossible to proceed with any degree of rapidity or to act entirely upon our own initiative. We have already received one estimate of cost and we hope before long to receive some other estimates. It remains now to ascertain from the Imperial Government whether they will agree to our proposals and see how far they will go towards putting them into effect by inaugurating a commercial station. There is one final matter on which I would like to remark, and for that I will have to carry your memory back to the speech I made in 1908 when I said it was the intention of the Government to set up an Appeal Court on a new basis in this Colony. The Court on a new basis in this Colony, the delay in that matter is also one which is not due to the dilatoriness of the Government, for I recognise the great importance of the question, but the causes are beyond our control. I am glad to be able to inform the Council that finality is now in sight and I hope that before the end of the year we will have an Appeal Court which will recommend itself to all members of this Council.

STANDING RULES.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY.—Before I move the resolution standing in my name I would like to remind again the Council that the revised Standing Rules and Orders have been very carefully considered by your Excellency and the late Mr. Barnes and have received the approval of the Secretary of State. They have also been circulated to members of the Council.

FOREIGN COPPER COIN ORDINANCE, 1912.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of a Bill entitled "An Ordinance to prohibit the importation and circulation of foreign copper and bronze coins." In doing so he said—The details concerning this Bill will be outlined when the Bill comes up for second reading. I refer the Council now to the Objects and Reasons attached to the Bill.

The Colonial Secretary seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

On resuming, The COLONIAL SECRETARY moved the following resolution:—Resolved that the Standing Rules and Orders of the Legislative Council of Hongkong passed in pursuance of Article XXIX. of the Royal Instructions of the 19th day of January, 1888, and agreed to by the Legislative Council on the 9th day of June, 1890, and amended by the Legislative Council on the 11th day of June, 1900, and on the 5th day of December, 1901, be repealed and that the Standing Rules and Orders of

which a draft was laid on the table of this Council at the meeting held on Tuesday, 27th February (which have been amended in Council to-day), be substituted thereto.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL seconded, and the motion was agreed to.

ASIAN IMMIGRATION ORDINANCE.

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL moved the first reading of Bill entitled "An Ordinance to amend and consolidate the Laws relating to 'Chinese Passenger Ships' as defined by the Chinese Passengers Act, 1855, and concerning Asiatic Emigrants generally." In doing so he said—This Bill purports to place the subject of Chinese emigration on an intelligible basis. Your Excellency desires to address the Council on it, and the details will be dealt with on the motion for the second reading of the Bill.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY seconded.

His Excellency.—The present state of the law in this Colony has long seemed to me to be somewhat unsatisfactory.

The present Ordinance was passed early in 1908. When I came to the Colony the Ordinance had already been drafted for some considerable time. It had been referred to the Secretary of State and approved by him. I, being unacquainted with the details of the emigration question, took no active part in the Bill, but confined myself to making one or two alterations which were manifestly necessary. The object of this scheme is to see that the class of liquor sold in public houses is improved and also to afford some counter-attraction which shall supersede the taste for drink. No doubt the scheme outlined will be improved after consideration, but I do trust that this Council will eventually accept the general principle which is involved for the sake of the British name in the Colony in which the vast majority of the inhabitants are of eastern race. Our thanks are due to the committee whose names are signed at the foot of that report, for they have had to handle a thorny and difficult question. This subject has been under my consideration for the past two or three years. The report has not been produced in a hurry and without mature deliberation. As I am shortly leaving the Colony, I will ask permission to say a word or two on some other matters upon which I have spoken in this Council. The spokesman of the unofficial members speaking in the debate on the Estimates asked for a commission to be appointed to inquire into certain matters in connection with the Public Works Department. I replied that I had already been investigating that matter, both as regards the inadequacy of the staff and the method of entering into contracts. Each of these branches is a very big one in itself. I regret that the results of that investigation are not ready for communication to Council at this time, but I have no doubt that the investigation will proceed on the same lines as those on which I have been conducting it. I had hoped there would be a report on the question of the Law-Courts and the Government offices, giving an outline of their history from the date of their inception, alterations and estimates and any other ground which has led to an increase in cost, but unfortunately it was not ready for to-day. I hope it will be ready by next meeting of the Council. I much regret I will not be able to finish this investigation, for it is a subject of the very greatest interest, especially the question of the method of entering into contracts.

The motion was agreed to.

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The motion was agreed to.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

His Excellency.—Before adjourning the Council, as this is the last occasion on which I shall occupy this chair, to my great regret, I would like to take the opportunity of thanking the hon. members of this Council, and more especially the unofficial members of the Council, for the great consideration and courtesy which they have at all times extended to me. During the past five years, or approaching five years, in which I have had the privilege of presiding in this Council, we have passed a great deal of legislation, and some of it, I venture to think, very important legislation for this Colony. We have taken up more than one subject which had lain over for long periods of years and I hope we have dealt with them satisfactorily. These have involved very heavy demands on the time of members of this Council, especially during the past year, but our debates, however controversial the subject might be, have always been conducted without any friction and with the utmost goodwill. The principle of the Bill has been approved by residents representing all sections of the business community.

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amount of Chinese copper coinage circulating here, which is of course not legal tender. We have at the present moment over a lakh of dollars worth of copper coin lying at the bank on which we are daily losing considerable interest. This sum will form a reserve and it will largely supply the demand which will be created by the passing of this Bill. It is proposed now to prohibit the importation and circulation of Chinese copper coin in this Colony. The object of this Bill has received the approval of the leading banks in the Colony, the Treasury in England, and the Chinese community here. Its operation will, I think, be a valuable object lesson to us in dealing with the question of subsidiary silver coinage. I do not propose that the powers which this Bill confers shall be exercised in a drastic manner at first. I think it will be probably sufficient to restrict the importation in bulk and also to prevent the circulation of Chinese copper coins by those who handle copper currency in large quantities. Money-lenders will not be authorised to circulate in the Colony in exchange for other coins but only as foreign coin for export out of the Colony. Those who receive fares for rickshaws and tramways will be able to refuse Chinese coin, the circulation of which will be illegal and thereby save themselves a large loss of coin which is largely at discount.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY.

His Excellency.—The present state of the law in this Colony has long seemed to me to be somewhat unsatisfactory.

The present Ordinance was passed early in 1908. When I came to the Colony the Ordinance had already been drafted for some considerable time. It had been referred to the Secretary of State and approved by him. I, being unacquainted with the details of the emigration question, took no active part in the Bill, but confined myself to making one or two alterations which were manifestly necessary. The object of this scheme is to see that the class of liquor sold in public houses is improved and also to afford some counter-attraction which shall supersede the taste for drink. No doubt the scheme outlined will be improved after consideration, but I do trust that this Council will eventually accept the general principle which is involved for the sake of the British name in the Colony in which the vast majority of the inhabitants are of eastern race. Our thanks are due to the committee whose names are signed at the foot of that report, for they have had to handle a thorny and difficult question. This subject has been under my consideration for the past two or three years. The report has not been produced in a hurry and without mature deliberation. As I am shortly leaving the Colony, I will ask permission to say a word or two on some other matters upon which I have spoken in this Council. The spokesman of the unofficial members speaking in the debate on the Estimates asked for a commission to be appointed to inquire into certain matters in connection with the Public Works Department. I replied that I had already been investigating that matter, both as regards the inadequacy of the staff and the method of entering into contracts. Each of these branches is a very big one in itself. I regret that the results of that investigation are not ready for communication to Council at this time, but I have no doubt that the investigation will proceed on the same lines as those on which I have been conducting it. I had hoped there would be a report on the question of the Law-Courts and the Government offices, giving an outline of their history from the date of their inception, alterations and estimates and any other ground which has led

DECREASING NERVE FORCE.

HOW THE WEAKNESS MAY BE COMPLETELY
ESTOBBED.

Few conditions are more depressing on the one hand and irritating on the other than those which arise from a gradual failing of nerve force. The unfortunate sufferer feels his strength gradually ebbing away, and is, every day, more conscious that he is less able to perform his allotted task until it seems as if the only course open to him is to resign his office. It is not that he wants relaxation, for he has no little energy for play as for work. The consequence is, he has an ever increasing tendency to withdraw from society, and that, everyone knows, is the worst possible condition for any human being to be in. We all need to associate with our kind, that we may brush the cobwebs from our brain and maintain our interest in everything around us.

It is under such conditions that men, and women, too, tend to wreck their lives. To combat the feeling of weakness, they fly to alcohol on the one hand or to drugs on the other. The consequence is, that before you know where they are they have become slaves to habits from the thralldom of which they would give anything to escape.

THIS IS THE REASON WHY.

Happily, an easy way exists out of the slavery, if it has, unfortunately, been acquired, as well as from the feeling of weakness. This is through the aid of Sanatogen. It is too late in the day to tempt to sing the praises of this preparation, for its reputation is world-wide, and among doctors, it enjoys the reputation of a health restorative second to none. Indeed, it is not going too far to say that the medical profession throughout the civilised world now looks upon it as a means of restoring health, and even of saving life, when everything else has failed.

As a matter of fact, the number of cases in which doctors have placed it on record that their unqualified opinion, Sanatogen has saved the life of their patients, may be counted in hundreds if not in thousands.

Seeing how powerful Sanatogen is and that its power is primarily directed to the nervous system, it is obvious that it must exercise a profound influence for the better in all cases of decreasing nerve force. It is quite easy to understand why this must be so. Every nerve and all nervous tissue—needs a certain amount of phosphorus to maintain its condition of health. When this phosphorus is used up too rapidly, through the individual making too great overdraught on it, a feeling of nerve weakness is established. To overcome this weakness the phosphorus must be restored to its original quantity. The situation is precisely comparable with a man overdriving his account at the bank. Before he can use his bank again he must make good the over-draft.

REMARKABLE MEDICAL OPINIONS.

Nothing restores the overdraught of phosphorus to the nervous system so rapidly or so easily as Sanatogen. The reason is that the phosphorus it contains is in the same form as is found in the brain and nervous system, and it is chemically combined with the nitrogenous or body-building portion of pure milk, which experience and many experiments have proved is the best possible substance for the purpose.

Sanatogen's power as a nerve tonic has been attested by many of the most distinguished men in the world. In this connection is the following analysis by Sir Charles A. Cameron, C.B., M.D., F.R.C.P., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health and Public Analyst, Dublin, who writes:

"I have arrived at the conclusion that Sanatogen is a substance of the highest nutritional value, containing, as it does, a large amount, relatively speaking, of organic phosphorus—that is, phosphorus which is offered to the tissues in exactly the form in which it can be easily absorbed. It is an excellent nerve food."

Dr. Andrew Wilson, that distinguished medical writer, who was, himself, restored to complete health by Sanatogen, has also written:

"Sanatogen will be found an excellent remedy in all 'run down' states of the system. The overworked man or woman will benefit from its use, provided it be taken regularly. Its advantage over the ordinary tonics, ranging from iron and quinine to arsenic and strichnine, is that its use does not damage digestion but, contrariwise, assists enlarged appetite. It repairs the wear and tear of the most vital parts of our frame and, above all, it gives to brain and nerve their essential food in precisely the form in which they are capable of readily receiving and assimilating it."

Write for a copy of a most interesting booklet, "The Art of Living," by Dr. Andrew Wilson, which will be sent free to all mentioning this paper on application to A. Wulff & Co., 6, Kiangkiang Road, Shanghai.

Sanatogen can be obtained of all chemists.

HONGKONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(Continued from page 3.)

your former distinguished labourers in Nigeria, and we are confident that you will gain yet further laurels in the service of the Empire. (Applause.)

Hon. Mr. OSBORNE.—Sir, my experience of this Council is not a very extensive one, but my experience in the Colony extends over a large number of years. During the whole of my residence here I have always taken the keenest interest in public affairs. Comparisons are odious, but I cannot refrain from drawing a comparison between the somewhat acrimonious debates that have taken place in this Council in past years and comparing that with the good feeling that has always characterised the relationship between officials and unofficials in this Council. I may be told that this is due to the lamb-like and obliging attitude of the unofficials, but I think, Sir, if you will recall the tenacity with which the hon. member who represents the Chamber of Commerce and Mr. Murray Stewart carried on debates in this Council that that criticism would not be justified. That good feeling, Sir, is entirely due to the accessibility of your Excellency to all classes of the community, more especially to members of this Council. The basis of real progress is a thorough understanding. You have always realised this, and have invited not only the members of the community but the members of this Council to come and speak freely before you and interchange their views. To that, Sir, and that alone, I attribute the good feeling which has existed in this Council. You came to the Colony when its affairs were not in a flourishing condition, and you leave it at a time when they are still in the balance, but in a condition very different to that in which you found it. It is true that some of our trade has departed, but what trade there is rests on a very firm basis. You have during your tenure of office done everything you could to foster trade and industry. It is due to your great interest in commercial affairs that the position of the Colony to-day is better than when you came. You, Sir, are now going to another region of the British Empire where I feel sure you are destined to play a unimportant part in the attainment and development of the best that appertains to the words British Empire. But, Sir, when you come to look back in the days ahead to the time you spent in Hongkong you will look back with the satisfaction of a man who has done his duty, and, Sir, in wishing you and Lady Lurgard "Good-bye," I can assure you that you leave us better off than when you came. You leave us with the thanks and appreciation of a grateful community. (Applause.)

HIS EXCELLENCY.—Gentlemen, I am at a loss to find any words in which to thank you sufficiently for the kind phrases which have been used about myself. I can only say I feel them very deeply, and I shall treasure them for the rest of my life.

Council will now adjourn sine die.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Finance Committee was held afterwards—the COLONIAL SECRETARY presiding. The following vote was passed:

SUPPORT OF LUNATICS.

The Governor recommended the Council to vote a sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in aid of the vote Miscellaneous Services, Support of Lunatics abroad.

BILLS PASSED.

The following Bills were read a second and a third time and passed.—Ordinance to amend the Law Revision Ordinance, 1911; Ordinance to amend the Law Amendment Ordinance, 1911; Ordinance to amend the law relating to the Registration of Births and Deaths; Ordinance to amend the Gambling Ordinance, 1891; Ordinance to make provision for the due observance of General, Public and Bank Holidays and to amend and consolidate the law relating to the same; Ordinance to amend the Arms and Ammunition Ordinance, 1900; Ordinance to amend the Liquors Consolidation Ordinance.

OTHER BILLS.

The Aliens' Bill passed its second reading, the Dangerous Goods Bill was left in committee, and the Magistrates Bill was not proceeded with.

TRADE MISREPRESENTATIONS.

SURREY FOWLS FROM CHINA.

A writer in a London paper says:—Certainly the evidence gathered by the committee of the London Chamber of Commerce shows the urgency of protecting the honest against the dishonest trader, more effectively than has been done in the past. There appears no doubt that trade misrepresentation of every kind is increasing rapidly among us. That foreign bacon should be sold as Whitstable, foreign eggs as Irish, cold-storage eggs as fresh, and foreign and Colonial beef as "prime Scotch" is not surprising. It was surprising once, but we have got used to it. But there is still room for a certain astonishment when we find Scotch whisky made of foreign parts, put together in England, and sold as British-made; dog fish coloured with coal tar passing itself off as smoked cod or haddock; Chinese poultry masquerading as Surrey fowls; beet sugar crystals sold as Demerara sugar; machine-sewn boots and shoes advertised as hand-sewn; electric lamps marketed without regard to the length of life and amount of light obtained; mould-made paper sold as hand-made; foreign hops falsely and fraudulently marked; goods made of cotton or oil mixture of cotton and linen sold as genuine linen; "British-made wax vests" manufactured abroad; meringue composed of or adulterated with cotton viscous with everything in it except viscous; port that never knew Oporto; London minerals sold as Belfast ginger ale; foreign-made lace as Honiton; tea made up of used and dried tea leaves; foreign machine-made damask posing as Scotch handloom; glucose and apple jelly united to form raspberry jam, etc. The field indeed, is illimitable, as wide as trade itself.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

DERRINGTON, 7-Roomed House, Peak Road, beautiful situation.
For Terms apply to—

C. SCHROETER,
C. of Messrs. GARRETT, BORNEM & CO.,
King's Buildings, IIIrd, Hongkong, 10th July, 1911.

FOR SALE,
With or Without Furniture.

"TOR CREST," No. 8, The PEAK,
with Tennis Court. Commanding a
magnificent view of the Harbour and Adjacent Islands.
Apply— LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
3rd Floor, Alexandra Building,
Hongkong, 7th March, 1912.

BROWN, JONES & CO.

ITALIAN MARBLE FIGURES,
CROSSES and HEADSTONES
BLACK, RED and GREY GRANITE
MEMORIALS in Stock.
WREATHS with Glass Shades from \$4 up.
BROWN, JONES & CO.,
41 Morrison Hill Road,
Telephone 423, Hongkong, 18th October 1911.

PICTIC PARTIES.

LAUNCH FOR HIRE.

THE Handsome "KING EDWARD HOTEL" LAUNCH can be hired for Picnic Parties by the Hour or Day.
Apply for Terms to the Manager,

H. HAYNES.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1912.

[389]

THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, FRIDAY, MARCH 8TH, 1912.

WM. POWELL, LTD.

TELEPHONE 346.

GENTLEMEN'S DEPT.

NEW RAINCOATS

(IN ALL THE LATEST SHAPES).

WATER PROOF COATS

(GUARANTEED).

MODERATE PRICES.

Wm. Powell, Ltd.,

28, Queen's Road Central.

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

WINE MERCHANTS,

DES VIEUX ROAD CENTRAL.

TELEPHONE 636.

Supply the Highest Quality WINES, SPIRITS, CIGARS
AND CIGARETTES obtainable, consistent with price.

All Wines and Spirits bottled in Europe by Shippers of
World-wide reputation.

Undoubtedly the best Hotel in Japan.

NARA, JAPAN.

Now open in the old picturesque town of Nara.

THE SANITAS BEST DISINFECTANTS.

All Kinds and for All Purposes.

AS SUPPLIED TO HM GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.

"SANITAS-SOKOL" 20 times the coefficient of carbolic acid.
The ideal disinfectant for use in the Tropics. Highest efficiency and lowest cost.
Powerful Larvicide. Unaffected by organic matter, and miscible with both
fresh and salt water.

"SANITAS-BACTOX" (Caponified Cresol of the same (20)
guaranteed co-efficient). Homogeneous, and miscible with fresh water.

"SANITAS-SOLDIS" a cheap but concentrated Coal Tar
Disinfectant of the greatest reliability and guaranteed efficiency.

Supplies of the "SANITAS" DISINFECTANTS may be had of

THE MALACCA GENERAL STORES LTD., Malacca, F.M.S.

Mrs. PRITCHARD & CO., Penang, S.S.

THE MEDICAL HALL, Battery Road, Singapore.

THE SINGAPORE DISPENSARY, 12, Battery Road, Singapore.

THE BRITISH DISPENSARY, 4, Battery Road, Singapore.

THE BOENTE Co., Singapore.

THE DISPENSARY, LTD., 438, Rafters Place, Singapore.

NEW VICTOR RECORDS

\$1.20

EACH.

ROBINSON PIANO Co., LTD.

THOUSANDS TO SELECT FROM.

PARCELS ON APPROVAL.



It is worth while
to make a change from Wallpaper to the
Beautiful modern Hall's Distemper Decoration.

The scientific ideal of a wall covering is one that is not only beautiful, but easy to keep clean, germ proof, absolutely fast in colour, and when applied thorough disinfectant. No wall covering conforms so closely to these requirements as Hall's Sanitary Washable Distemper which has the important advantages of being most economical and durable.

Hall's Distemper is applied with a whitewash brush, saving much in the cost of labour. It sets hard, kills microbes and vermin, and disinfects. It never cracks or blisters, nor peels off.

It is made in a wide range of 70 colours, including rich dark as well as light tints. The colour never fade, enabling furniture and pictures to be moved about a room without showing discoloured walls.

Hall's Distemper decoration may be washed by lightly sponging down with clean tepid water. It remains clean, sweet and fresh for years.

HALL'S DISTEMPER

(Reg. Trade Mark)

Shade card and full particulars post free on application to

AUCTION.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions
from Dr. JUSTI, to sell by Public Auction,
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),
the 9th March, 1912, commencing at 2.15 P.M.,
within his residence, Fairview, 5, Robinson Rd.,

THE WHOLE OF THE
VALUABLE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Therein Contained,

Comprising— Hallstand, Chairs, Tables, etc.,
in Carved Blackwood, Drawing Room Furniture,
Curtains, Rugs, Engravings, Etcetera, Statues,
etc., Carved Blackwood Cabinets, Stands, etc.,
of SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP. Several
Old Chinese Vases, of the Kinlong Dynasty,
Dining Room Furniture, comprising Sideboard
and Dinner Waggon in Carved Oak, Large
Mahogany Dining Table (10 leaves), China
Cabinets, Glass Ware, Pictures, etc.

Teakwood Bedroom Furniture, Brass-mounted
Bedsteads, Hair Mattress (new), including
Nursery Suite in White Enamel, Pantry and
Kitchen Utensils, Singer's Sewing Machine
(practically new), Lady's Mountain Chair,
large quantity of Electric Fittings, etc., and
large number of Palms, Plants, etc., in Pots.

Catalogues will be issued.

On View from FRIDAY, the 8th instant.

Terms—As Usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 6th March, 1912.

SPECIALTIES.

SEND for our own make—

PORK SAUSAGES.

BEEF SAUSAGES.

PRESSED BEEF.

BEAUM.

CORNED BEEF AND CORNED PORK

We guarantee satisfaction.

THE

DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

TO LET

TO LET.

GODOWN, No. 4, New Praya, Kennedy Town.
Apply—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st March 1912 [120]

TO LET.

NEW and COMMODIOUS SHOPS
Nathan Road, Kowloon Immediate Possession. Cheap Rentals.
KOWLOON MARINE LOT 49, Yaumati Area 85,000 square feet with 255 feet S. Frontage. Especially suited for Storage of Coal, Timber, &c.

Apply to—

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Hongkong, 2nd November, 1911. [134]

TO LET.

THE KOWLOON HOTEL PREMISES with Flower and Vegetable Gardens. Suitable for Mess. Immediate possession.

Apply to—

THE SPANISH PROCURATION, 2, Seymour Road, Hongkong, 14th February, 1912. [311]

TO LET.

A T SHAMEEN (British Concession), Specious Two-Storeyed **GODOWN** suitable also as a Silk Godown.
Apply to—
SIEMSSEN & Co., Hongkong or Canton, Hongkong, 15th January, 1912. [192]

TO LET.

N O. 4, MORRISON HILL This House is being completely redecorated and will be ready for entry about 1st April.
Apply Property Office,
Messrs. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., LTD. Hongkong, 5th March, 1912. [407]

TO LET.

From the 1st of April.

O NE or TWO ROOMS (one furnished) with separate Bath Room, Fine location, facing the Bay, in Kowloon. Terms moderate.
Apply to—
"SEA BREEZE," Care of "Daily Press" Office, Hongkong, 5th March, 1912. [408]

TO LET—FURNISHED.

A HOUSE at TAI-PO, May to October.
Apply—
L. GIBBS, 6, Beaconsfield Arcade, Hongkong, 1st February, 1912. [264]

TO LET.

ONE ROOM, 30 feet by 20 feet, with Verandah, on Third Floor Prince's Building, facing New Law Courts.
Apply—
LEIGH & ORANGE, 1, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong, 6th February, 1912. [280]

TO LET.

OFFICES on Third Floor of Hotel Mansions.
Apply to—
HENRY HUMPHREYS, Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, 1st March, 1912. [388]

TO BE LET.

On or about 1st March, 1912.

S HOPS and OFFICE, in Alexandra Buildings, adjoining the Hongkong Dispensary, at present occupied by Messrs. Wm. Powell, Ltd., A. S. WATSON & Co., LTD., Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, 29th August, 1911. [123]

TO LET.

"**W ELLBURN**" THE PEAK, 6 ROOMS, from 1st June, 1912.
Apply to—
PERCY SMITH, SETH & FLEMING, 5, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, 7th March, 1912. [417]

OFFICES TO LET.

R OOMS on the 1st Floor of Wm. Powell, Ltd.'s, New Building, Des Voeux Road Central; suitable for Offices; Electric Light, Lift; Lavatories with all Modern Conveniences. May be inspected on application to—
Wm. POWELL, LTD., Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong, 29th February, 1912. [383]

TO LET.

O FFICES in KING'S BUILDING.
Apply to—
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD. Hongkong, 1st March, 1912. [121]

TO LET.

N O. 9, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE (Shop).
BEACONSFIELD.
No. 1, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE, whole House. Cheap Rent. Immediate possession.
EIGESFOED, No. 114, PEAK, Furnished or Unfurnished from 1st April, 1912.

6 ROOMS.

T O LET FURNISHED, BECKENHAM KENT. 8-Roomed House standing in own Grounds. Large Lawn and Garden. Servants may be retained. 20 minutes from Victoria or City. Photos can be seen here.
No. 57, PRAYA GRANDE, Macao.

Apply to—

LINSTEAD & DAVIS, 3rd Floor, Alexandra Building, Hongkong, 1st March, 1912. [122]

TO LET.

O FFICE in Alexandra Building.
Apply—
A. S. WATSON & Co., LTD., Alexandra Buildings, Hongkong 26th February 1912. [367]

BANKS

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED
(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER).

Capital Yen 10,000,000
Capital Subscribed (paid up) ... Yen 6,250,000
Reserve Fund Yen 2,620,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA

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Amyo Swallow Tainan
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3, Des Voeux Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts
Deposits received on terms which may be had on application.

K. TSUDZURABARA, Manager.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1911. [1316]

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Yen 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL Yen 30,000,000
RESERVE FUND Yen 17,150,000

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Branches and Agencies at:

Antung-Hsien Liao-Yang Kyrojin (Port Arthur)
Bombay London San Francisco
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Dairen Nagasaki Tsinling
Fengtung (Mukden) Newchwang Tientsin
Honkow Oaks New York Tokyo
Kobe Pekin

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS
Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

TAKEO TAKAMICHI,
Manager,
Hongkong, 25th September, 1911. [441]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$15,000,000

RESERVE FUNDS:
STERLING \$1,500,000 at 2/— \$15,000,000

SILVER \$16,750,000

\$31,750,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS \$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

E. SHELLIM, Esq.—Chairman.

F. H. ARMSTRONG, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Andrew Forbes, Esq. G. H. Medhurst, Esq.
G. Freeland, Esq. W. L. Patten, Esq.
C. S. Gabby, Esq. Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross
G. R. Laurens, Esq. H. A. Siebs, Esq.
F. Lieb, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:

Hongkong—N. J. STABE.

MANAGER:

Shanghai—H. E. R. HUNTER.

LONDON BANKERS:

LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 2½ per cent. per Annum;
For 6 months, 3½ per cent. per Annum;
For 12 months, 4 per cent. per Annum.

N. J. STABE,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 21st February, 1912. [19]

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1856.

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,200,000

RESERVE FUND £1,625,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS £1,200,000

INTEREST allowed on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 4 per cent.

" " for 6 " 3½ "

" " for 3 " 2½ "

WM. DICKSON, Manager.

Hongkong, 2nd May, 1911. [133]

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

CAPITAL PAID UP Gold \$3,250,000

RESERVE FUND Gold \$3,250,000

Gold \$6,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: 60 Wall Street, New York.

LONDON BANKERS:

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD.

THE CAPITAL & COURTESY BANK, LIMITED.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

The Corporation transacts every description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives money on Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances and accepts Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 12 months 4 per cent. per annum.

For 6 " 3½ "

For 3 " 3 "

GEORGE HOGG, Manager.

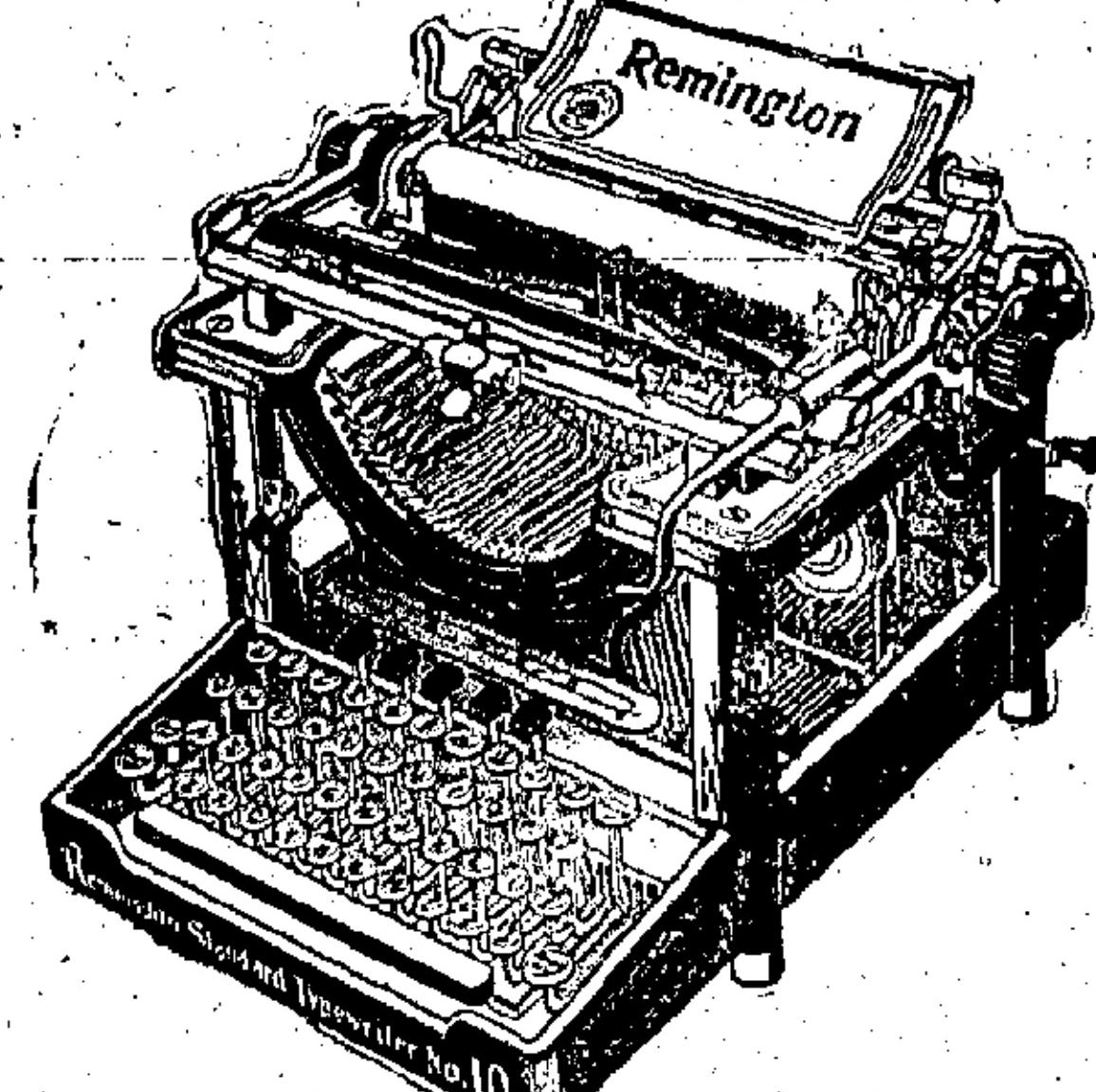
No. 9, Queen's Road, Central.

Hongkong, 21st February, 1911. [225]

INTIMATION

"A MACHINE A MINUTE"

The week just closed, as this issue goes to press, has been epoch making in the annals of the writing machine. A great milestone has been reached and passed in the history of the



Remington Typewriter

During the week we have booked orders for more than a machine a minute for every working hour.

VISIBLE MODELS 10 AND 11

Not many years ago Remington sales were sixty machines per month; now they are over sixty machines per hour. MORE THAN A MACHINE A MINUTE. Such typewriter development; such is Remington to progress.

CANTON

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

March 6th.

DISBANDING THE PIRATES.

Since the decision of the Government to disband the pirate troops trouble has been expected in Canton, but beyond a few outbreaks in the villages around nothing of any consequence has happened. It was expected on all hands that at the end of last week after Shek's men had been disbanded there would be rioting, and elaborate precautions were taken to prevent this. All the best trained soldiers were lined up in a sort of cordon to protect the Western Suburbs and incidentally Shameen from any trouble, for it was recognised that the one way in which these men could get a hit back at the Government was by falling foul of the foreigners. The Government have so far shown that they have a good grasp of the situation, but what effect the rioting in the North will have remains to be seen. On Sunday there was a big procession round about the Eastern part of the City and also on Monday. These did not seem to have any object except to keep the people engaged employed and prevent them getting out of hand while the news of the Peiping trouble was fresh. Lung Cha Kwong and Ho Lui Hap, two influential men in the army, have taken over the protection of the Western and Southern Suburbs and they have received special instructions about Shameen.

RIFLES.

One cause of trouble was that many of the pirate and robber troops brought with them into the ranks of the people's army new and modern rifles at which the Government at the time was only too pleased. This of course developed into a moot question later on when it was seen that sooner or later these men would have to be disbanded and disarmed, so they were promised \$100 for their rifles. It is stated that in many cases these men have given up their arms, but have not received the promised money, which, if true, means an agitation that will not die down in a hurry.

MORE FIGHTING AT KO TONG.

There has been more fighting still at a number of villages near the railway line, about 10 miles from Wong Sha. Over the most trivial incidents these villagers are ever ready to be at each other's throats and it is anything but peaceful, up there. Things are not improving, because although soldiers went up to keep order still numbers of the now unemployed pirates are making their way there.

SCHOOLS AGAIN OPENING.

A sign that things are quietening down in the City is that most of the Schools and Colleges have re-opened after a prolonged vacation. Students are coming in in large numbers, and it would seem that affairs are returning more or less to the state they were in before the Revolution.

SHAMEEN.

Dr. Rossgler, the German Consul-General, having returned, Mr. Tigges, who was the Acting Consul-General here, has gone home on leave.

Arrangements have been completed for the construction of Water Works to supply the island with pure water. The scheme is a filter scheme and the work is being carried through by Messrs. Thomas & Adams and the plant is to be erected shortly.

It is a matter of regret that during the past year, in common with other local Companies, our investments have further depreciated, and to meet this it has been necessary to transfer \$10,000.00 to the credit of Investment Fluctuation Account. We are satisfied, however, that the Company's holdings in shares are quite sound and we look upon this depreciation as only temporary.

The Southern depression remains shallow and apparently stationary.

Fresh N.E. winds may be expected along the S.E. coast, and moderate winds over the N. China Sea.

Hongkong rainfall for 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

DISTRICT FORECAST.

Hongkong & Neighbourhood

{ N.E. winds, Fresh.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamock.

GOING HOME.

A HOLIDAY AT HOME AND A WAY
TO GET THERE THAT'S A HOLIDAY.

WHY NOT

See the beauties of Japan, of Honolulu, (the Paradise of the Pacific), of California, of Colorado, and the fascinations of Niagara, San Francisco, Chicago and New York.

AND THE WAY

Every "travel wise" tourist takes the deservedly famous U.S. MAIL Steamers, of the

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

Steamers of Limitless Luxury. Splendidly appointed "Homes on the Water." Wireless Telegraphy. Submarine Fog Signals. Excellent String Orchestra. Meals for epicures under the superintendence of caterer of International Repute.

The Cost: is not more by this route with its unrivalled opportunities, than by any other route. For a return ticket to London the cost is £120, including berth and meals across America. To San Francisco via Japan and Honolulu the cost is £25. For the INTERMEDIATE SERVICE First Class accommodations are provided for £43 to London (return ticket £74) and to San Francisco £25. SPECIAL RATES to Officers, Army, Navy, Colonial or Civil Service, on application.

STEAMERS	TONS	STARTING	1912
PERSIA	9,000	TUESDAY,	26th March, at 1 P.M.
KOREA	18,000	TUESDAY,	2nd April, at 1 P.M.
SIBERIA	18,000	TUESDAY,	16th April, at 1 P.M.
CHINA	10,200	TUESDAY,	23rd April, at 1 P.M.
MANCHURIA	27,000	TUESDAY,	30th April, at 1 P.M.
NILE	11,000	TUESDAY,	14th May, at 1 P.M.
MONGOLIA	27,000	MONDAY,	20th May, at 1 P.M.
KOREA	18,000	TUESDAY,	16th June, at 1 P.M.

* INTERMEDIATE STEAMERS.

LET US PLAN AN ITINERARY FOR YOU.

KING'S BUILDING (opposite Blake Pier).

FRED J. HALTON, AGENT.

TELEPHONE NO. 141.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO &
WEST RIVER STEAMERS

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

FRIDAY, 8TH MARCH, 1912.
8 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN" 8 a.m. "HONAM"
10 p.m. "KINSHAN" 5 p.m. "FATSHAN"

SATURDAY, 9TH MARCH, 1912.
8 a.m. "HONAM" 8 a.m. "HEUNGSHAN"
5 p.m. "KINSHAN"

These steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the River. Special attention is drawn to the Superior Saloon and Cabin Electric Fan in each Cabin.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "SUITAI" TONS 1651. S.S. "SUI AN" TONS 1651.

HONGKONG TO MACAO. Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sunday at 9 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG. Week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. Sundays, at 7.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 10TH MARCH. The Company's Steamship

"SUI AN."

will depart from the Company's WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 a.m. Departure from Macao at 5 p.m.
N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday leaving at 7.30 a.m. and from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This Steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 p.m.

FARES AS USUAL.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. "HOI-SANG" 457 tons. Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p.m.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 p.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

The ss. "SAINAM" and "NANNING" will run as usual.
S.S. "SAINAM" 538 tons, and S.S. "NANNING" 559 tons.
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamers "LINTAN" and "BANUL". These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin. Booking Office open (Sunday excepted) 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., Hotel Mansions (First Floor), opposite the Hongkong Hotel. [143]

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA.

MAIL SCHEDULE (SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION).

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA.	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA.
EMPIRE	8th March	Saturday, 30th March.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried. For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO. AGENTS.

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TOYO KISEN KAISHA

TRANS-PACIFIC

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE TRANS-CONTINENTAL

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

New Triple Screw Turbine Flyer—20 Knots Speed.

S.S. TENYO MARU ... 21,000 tons.

S.S. CHIYO MARU ... 21,000 tons.

S.S. SHINYO MARU ... 21,000 tons.

AND (INTERMEDIATE)

S.S. NIPPON MARU ... 11,000 tons. (INTERMEDIATE)
HONGKONG to SAN FRANCISCO via CHINA and JAPAN PORTS and HONOLULU. Semi-tropical route—Daily tank bathing, cricket, baseball, dances and free newspaper containing World's happenings by wireless.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

TELEPHONE NO. 180. KING'S BUILDING, Praya Central

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.
NEW LINE OF STEAMERS

TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS if sufficient inducement offers, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

FROM HONGKONG: 30th March.

FROM COLOMBO: S.S. "TYMERIC" 16th April.

For Rates and Further Information, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

MANAGING AGENTS.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, with transhipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

FROM HONGKONG: 30th March.

FROM COLOMBO: S.S. "TYMERIC" 16th April.

For Rates and Further Information, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

MANAGING AGENTS.

CONFERENCE-WEIR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE FROM CALCUTTA TO RIVER PLATE.

THE STEAMERS OF THIS SERVICE PROVIDE THE QUICKEST TRANSIT FROM THE ORIENT TO THE ARGENTINE.

Frequent Sailings from HONGKONG connecting with the Company's Steamers at CALCUTTA.

For Rates of Freight and Further Particulars, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

MANAGING AGENTS.

[14243-44]

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN

JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMER	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE FOR	ON OR ABOUT
TJITAROEM	JAVA	First half of March.	JAPAN	First half of March.
TJIPANAS...	JAVA	First half of March.	JAVA	First half of March.
TJIBODAS...	JAVA	First half of March.	SHANGHAI	First half of March.
TJIMAHY ...	JAPAN	First half of March.	JAVA	First half of March.
TJILIWONG	JAVA	First half of March.	JAPAN	Second half of March.
TJIMANOEK	JAVA	Second half of March.	JAPAN	Second half of March.
TJILATJAP...	JAVA	Second half of March.	SHANGHAI	First half of April.

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherlands-Indian Ports on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

YORK BUILDINGS, 1st Floor,
Hongkong, 7th February, 1912.

Telephone No. 375.

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

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SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

GOTHENBURG.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION). DESTINATION STEAMERS TONS DATE OF SAILING.
SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, PEKING ... 6,500 ... About 20th April
KOBE and MOJI ... PEKING ... 6,500 ... About 20th April
For Freight and Further Particulars, apply to

ARTHUR NILSSON & CO.,
YORK BUILDINGS, TOP FLOOR.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. BREMEN IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

STEAMERS	TONS	TO SAIL.
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERS, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and BREMEN	17,000	Wednesday, 20th Mar., at Noon.
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAU, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	20,300	3 P.M., 8th March.
MANILA, ANGARA, YAP, NEW GUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	6,750	9 A.M., 8th March.
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	6,000	About 2nd April.

EUDAT and SANDAKA ... 5,000 ... BORNEO ... Middle of March.
All the Steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic. For Further Particulars, apply to

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELOHERS & CO., GENERAL AGENTS HONGKONG AND CHINA.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1912.

THOS. COOK & SON, TOURIST, STEAMSHIP & FORWARDING AGENTS, BANKERS, &c.

Head Office for the Far East—16, DES VIEUX ROAD, HONGKONG. SHANGHAI: 2-3, FOOCHOW ROAD. YOKOHAMA: 32, WATER STREET.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

SILK RIBBONS

for HATS

are now in favour with the Chinese!

New Samples of

PET. WILH. KROMMES,
ELBERFELD,

Recently arrived.

Apply to the General Agent, etc.:

HUGO C. A. FROMM,

HONGKONG, 4, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, TEL. NO. 960.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1912.

BRACES and BELTS

are the articles wanted by the Chinese now and have been supplied to the local market already up to a large amount by

C. G. BODEN & SOEHNE,
GROSSROEHRSDORF

(GERMANY).

General Agent for Hongkong and China:

HUGO C. A. FROMM,

HONGKONG, 4, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, TEL. NO. 960.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1912.

Hoechl Extra Dry
gout américain

Sole Representative for Hongkong and South China
Hugo C.A. Fromm, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1912.

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POST OFFICE NOTICE

The Parcel Post system to the following places in China is for the present suspended: Hupeh, Szechuan, Hunan, Kwangshau and Tengyueh.

The Hainyu, with the Siberian Mail, is due to arrive here on Sunday, the 10th inst.

POB	P.R.B.	DATE
Hoihow and Singapore	Mackay	Friday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
Hoihow and Bangkok	Phranang	Friday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
Manila, Cebu, Illoilo, Argao, Yap, Friedrich, Wilhelmshafen, Rabaul, Herbertsburg, Matupi, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Coblenz	Friday, 8th, 8.00 A.M.
Hoihow and Bangkok	Halvard	Friday, 8th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow	Haiman	Friday, 8th, 10.00 A.M.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, HONOLULU and SAN FRANCISCO	Nippon Maru	Printed Matter, and Samples
Macao, Tsingtao, Kobe & Yokohama	Sui Tai	Registration, with late fee of 10 cents, up to 10.45 A.M.
SIAMIAN MAIL to EUROPE	Princess Alice	Registration, Kowloon B.O.
Shanghai, Yokohama and Kobe	Bolivia	9.30 A.M.
Tsingtao, Chotou and Newchwang	Tientsin	No late fee
Swatow and Bangkok	Choukai	Letters... 11.00 A.M.
Singapore, Penang, and Rangoon	Fuitala	Friday, 8th, 1.15 P.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Letters... 2.00 P.M.
Swatow and Deli	Johanna	Friday, 8th, 3.00 P.M.
Shanghai	Linan	Friday, 8th, 3.00 P.M.
SIBERIAN MAIL to EUROPE	Daiji Maru	Fridays, 5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Tamsui	Titaku	Saturday, 9th, 11.00 A.M.
Swatow and Bangkok	Hasten	Saturday, 9th, 1.15 P.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Saturday, 9th, 5.00 P.M.
Manila, Mangarin, Illoilo and Cebu	Zajro	Registration, 5.00 P.M.
Singapore, Penang and Calcutta	Kutsang	Letters... 6.00 P.M.
Swatow	Harmus	Sunday, 10th, 9.00 A.M.
Kobe	Muttra	Sunday, 10th, 9.00 A.M.
EUROPE, &c., INDIA via TUTICORIN (Late Letters 11.00 a.m. to Noon.) Extra Postage 10 cents)	Monday, 11th, 1.15 P.M.	
Letters posted all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail	Monday, 11th, 3.00 P.M.	
Manila, Cebu and Illoilo	Tatyan	Tuesday, 12th, 5.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Manila	Tuesday, 12th, 10.00 A.M.
Singapore, Penang and Colombo	Alv Maru	Tuesday, 12th, 10.00 A.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Tuesday, 12th, 11.15 P.M.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Kumano Maru	Wednesday, 13th, 11.00 A.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Wednesday, 13th, 1.15 P.M.
Manila, Cebu, Illoilo, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Kaifong	Letters... 11.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Kajio Maru	Tuesday, 12th, 3.00 P.M.
Singapore, Penang and Colombo	Aks Maru	Tuesday, 12th, 5.00 P.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Tuesday, 12th, 10.00 A.M.
Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama	Kumano Maru	Wednesday, 13th, 11.00 A.M.
Macao	Sui Tai	Wednesday, 13th, 1.15 P.M.
Manila, Cebu, Illoilo, Port Darwin, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Tatyuan	Wednesday, 13th, 3.00 P.M.
Shanghai, Cebu, Illoilo, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Haiyang	Thursday, 14th, 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai, Cebu, Illoilo, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand, Dunedin, Melbourne, Adelaide, Perth and Fremantle	Chinba	Thursday, 14th, 3.00 P.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, HONOLULU and SAN FRANCISCO	Nikko Maru	Friday, 15th, 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, HONOLULU and SAN FRANCISCO	Tenyo Maru	Friday, 15th, 10.00 A.M.

COMMERCIAL

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

March 7th.

On London—	1/102
Telegraphic Transfer	
Bank Bills, on demand	1/102
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	1/11
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	1/11
Credits, at 4 months' sight	1/11
Documentary Bills 4 months' sight	1/11
On PARIS—	
Bank Bills, on demand	241
Credits, at 4 months' sight	2451
On GERMANY—	1951
On demand	
Bank Bills, on demand	461
Credits, at 60 days' sight	475
On BOMBAY—	1413
Telegraphic Transfer	
Bank on demand	142
On CALCUTTA—	1413
Telegraphic Transfer	
Bank, on demand	142
On SHANGHAI—	711
Bank, at sight	728
Private, 30 days' sight	91
On YOKOHAMA—	On demand
On MANILA—	On demand
On SINGAPORE—	On demand
On BATAVIA—	On demand
On HAIPHONG—	On demand
On SAIGON—	On demand
On BANGKOK—	On demand
SOVEREIGN, Bank's Buying Rate	\$10.40
GOLD LIAR, 100 fine, per tael	\$15.90
BAG SIVER, per oz.	261

per cent.
Chinese ... 20 cents pieces.... \$7.67 discount.
Chinese ... 10 " " 18.10 "
Hongkong ... 20 " " 17.24 "
Hongkong ... 10 " " 17.41 "

SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS: HONGKONG, MARCH 7TH, 1912.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES	VALUR.	PAID UP.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS CASH.
BANKS—				
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corporation	120,000	\$125	all	\$8852
China Borneo Company, Limited	50,000	\$12	all	1/1'don £84
China Light and Power Company, Limited	50,000	\$5	all	\$1.30
China Provident, Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd.	200,000	\$10	all	72
COTTON MILLS—				
Ewe Cotton Spinn'g. & Weaving Co., Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	all	75 buyers
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	125,000	\$10	all	203
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$72	all	1/1'c. 100
DOGS AND WHARFS—				
H'kong & Kowloon Wharf & Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$50	all	75 buyers
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$52	all	75, buyers
New Amoy Dock Co., Limited	10,000	\$62	all	75, buyers
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	all	564, sellers
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd.	36,000	Tls. 100	all	75, sellers
Green Island Cement Co., Limited	40,000	\$16	all	21
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited	60,000	\$10	all	104, buyers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	8,000	\$80	all	688
Manila Metropole Hotel Limited	15,000	Pa. 10	all	195
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	60,000	\$25	all	195
Hongkong Hope Manufacturing Co., Limited	60,000	\$10	all	188, sales
Hongkong South China Steam Fisheries Co., Ltd.	15,000	\$10	all	73, buyers
INSURANCE—				
Canton Insurance Office Co., Limited	10,000	\$250	all	914
China Fire Insurance Co., Limited	20,000	\$25	all	151, sal. & bu.
China Traders Insurance Co., Limited	24,000	\$25.33	all	1105
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Limited	8,000	\$250	all	3360, sales
North-China Insurance Co., Limited	10,000	\$15	all	3860, sales
Union Insurance Society, Limited	12,400	\$250	all	4210, Ex 73
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	12,000	\$100	all	8100
LANDS AND BUILDINGS—				
Hongkong Land Investment Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	all	663
Humphreys' Estate and Finance Co., Ltd.	150,000	\$10	all	533, buyers
Kowloon Land and Building Co., Ltd.	6,000	\$50	all	52, sellers
Shanghai Land Investment Co., Limited	78,000	Tls. 50	all	452, sal. & bu.
West Point Building Co., Limited	12,500	\$50	all	77, sal. & bu.
Maatachappi to Mijn, Bosch-en-Landbow exploitation in Langkat ...	25,000	Gda. 10	all	Tls. 77, sal. & bu.
MINING—				
Chinese Engineering and M. Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	\$1	all	38
Tronch Mines, Limited	160,000	2	all	76, buyers
Hewad Tin and Rubber Estate, Ltd.	715,280	2	all	5, sellers
Haus Australian Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	24,000	10	all	114, buyers
Peak Tramways Co., Limited	25,000	\$10	all	110
Philippine Co., Limited	50,000	\$10	all	110
ENTERPRISES—				
China Sugar Refining Co., Limited	20,000	\$100	all	322, buyers
Luton Sugar Refining Co., Limited	7,000	\$100	all	213, buyers
SHIPPING COMPANIES—				
China and Manila Steamship Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$25	all	221, sal. & bu.
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	\$50	all	263, sal. & bu.
Hongkong, Canton & Macao S.S. Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	all	653, 1/1'don
SHIPS AND DISPENSARIES—				
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	60,000 pref.	\$25	all	1/1'c. 176.
60,000 def.				
Shell Transport & Trading Co., Limited	2,500,000	£1	all	91, Ex rights
Star Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	all	1/1'c. 27
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$10	all	517
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	all</td	